Invitation for Prequalification

| Country: | Islamic Republic of Pakistan |
|----------------------|---|
| Name of Project: | Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Hydropower and Renewable Energy Development Project |
| Contract Title: | PK-PEDO-339716-CW-RFB (Madyan Hydropower Project - E & M Works) |
| Sector: | Hydropower |
| Loan. / Cr. No.: | Loan No. IBRD-91640, Credit No. IDA-67790 |
| Prequalification Ref | erence No. PK-PEDO-339716-CW-RFB (E & M Works – Design, Supply, |
| | Installation, Testing and Commissioning of Turbines, Generators, Control |
| | Room Equipment, SCADA, Auxiliaries, Power Transformers, Switch Yard, |
| | Switch Gear (GIS), Transmission Line, Control Equipment at Weir and Allied E&M Works) |

- The Government of Pakistan (GoP) has received financing from the World Bank toward the cost of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Hydropower and Renewable Energy Development Project and intends to apply part of the proceeds toward payments under the contract for **PK-PEDO-339716-CW-RFB** (Madyan Hydropower Project-E & M Works).
- 2. The Pakhtunkhwa Energy Development Organization (PEDO) intends to prequalify contractors for Contract No. **PK-PEDO-339716-CW-RFB**. Brief description of the type(s) of works to be provided are narrated hereunder:

Design, Supply, Installation, Testing and Commissioning of Electrical and Mechanical Works:

- Mechanical Works: Turbines (2 x 86.6 MW & 1 x 33.8 MW (rated capacity)), Governors, Inlet valves; HVAC System, Mobile and Gantry cranes, and other Auxiliary Mechanical Systems.
- Electrical Works: Generators, Transformers, HV/MV Switchgear, HV Cables, Power supplies, I&C, SCADA, Telecommunication, GIS Switchyard, and Auxiliaries.
- **Transmission Lines:** With approximately 200 m length.

Quantities, locations and other information are described under Section VII "Scope of Works" of this Prequalification Documents.

It is expected that Invitation to Bid will be issued in July, 2023.

Construction Duration shall be 48 months.

- 3. Prequalification will be conducted through the procedures as specified in the World Bank's "Procurement Regulations for IPF Borrowers- Procurement in Investment Projects Financing" Fourth Edition, November 2020 ("Procurement Regulations"), and is open to all eligible Applicants as defined in the Procurement Regulations.
- 4. Interested eligible Applicants may obtain further information from the PEDO at the address below during office hours. A complete set of prequalification documents in English language may be purchased by interested Applicants on the submission of a written application to the address below and upon payment of a nonrefundable fee of Pakistan Rupee 30,000/-. The method of payment will be through Pay Order or Bank Draft drawn on a scheduled bank of Pakistan in favor of the *Head PMO Construction of 157 MW Madyan*. The document will be sent by courier for local delivery.
- 5. Applications for prequalification should be submitted in clearly marked envelopes and delivered to the address below by 1400 hours (local time) on May 16, 2023. Late applications may be rejected.

The address, referred to above, is:

| Name of office: | Office of the Head PMO-PEDO, World Bank Projects |
|----------------------------|---|
| Name of officer and title: | Mr. Mustafa Kammal Khan, Director Project (Madyan |
| | Hydropower Project) |
| Postal Address: | |
| | Ground Floor, NESPAK Building (PMO KHRE, PEDO), |
| | Plot# 24, Sect B/2, Phase-5 Hayatabad, Peshawar |
| | Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Province |
| | Islamic Republic of Pakistan |
| ZIP Code: | 25000 |
| Telephone No.: | +92 91 921 9616-7 |
| Email: | proc.wbprojects@pedo.pk |

(Note: The Qualification Criteria & Scope of Works is attached as Annex to this SPN for info of the potential Applicants and can be viewed on-line on PEDO website(www.pedo.pk).)

Section II - Prequalification Data Sheet (PDS)

| ITA 1.1 | The identification of the Invitation for Prequalification is: PK-PEDO-339716- CW-RFB |
|---------|---|
| | The Employer is: Pakhtunkhwa Energy Development Organization (PEDO), Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa (GoKP) |
| | The list of contracts is: Madyan Hydropower Project - E & M Works |
| | RFB name and number are: Madyan HPP - E & M Works: Design, Supply, Installation, Testing and Commissioning of Turbines, Generators, Control Room Equipment, SCADA, Auxiliaries, Power Transformers, Switch Yard, Switch Gear (GIS), Transmission Line, Control Equipment at Weir and Allied E&M Works: RFB No. PK-PEDO- 339716-CW-RFB |
| | Under this Project, the following two main contracts for electro-mechanical (E&M) works are in procurement processes: |
| | Contract I: Gabral Kalam Hydropower Project Package-2 : Power House (Supply & Install) – Civil Structure, Turbines, Generators, Electrical System, Switchyard, Power Evacuation (Ref.No.PK-PEDO-211748-CW-RFB); and |
| | Contract II: Madyan Hydropower Project E&M Works - Design, Supply, Installation, Testing and Commissioning of Turbines, Generators, Control Room Equipment, SCADA, Auxiliaries, Power Transformers, Switch Yard, Switch Gear (GIS), Transmission Line, Control Equipment at Weir and Allied E&M Works (RFB No. PK-PEDO-339716-CW-RFB) |
| | The current prequalification is for Contract II only . The bidding and implementation for Contract I will be conducted simultaneously with Contract II. Applicants, who are already prequalified and participate in the bidding for Contract I, should meet the Financial Qualification Requirements (average annual turnover and financial resources) on an aggregate basis for both contracts. Specifically, |
| | If Contract I is awarded before the completion of the prequalification process for Contract II, and the successful bidder for Contract I also participates in the prequalification for Contract II, then only this bidder/applicant should meet the Financial Qualification Requirements on |

| an aggregate basis. |
|---|
| If Contract I is not awarded before the completion of prequalification process for Contract II, the Applicants, who are prequalified and participate in bidding process for Contract I, will be conditionally pre-qualified for Contract II in case the Applicants can meet the Financial Qualification Requirements for Contract II only but not both Contract I and Contract II on aggregate basis, until Contract I is awarded. |
| In addition, the winning bidder for both contracts must also demonstrate availability of resources such as key personnel and equipment as may be required under the RFBs. |

Section III - Qualification Criteria and Requirements

This section contains all the methods, criteria, and requirements that the Employer shall use to evaluate Applications. The information to be provided in relation to each requirement and the definitions of the corresponding terms are included in the respective Application Forms.

Contents

| 1. Eligibility | 4 |
|--|---|
| 2. Historical Contract Non-Performance | |
| 3. Financial Situation and Performance | |
| 4. Experience | 8 |
| | |

| | Eligibility and | d Qualification Criteria | | Compliance | Document/ Form | | | | | |
|-------------|--|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------|---|--|--|--|
| | | | | | enture (existing or i | | Submission | | | |
| No. | Subject | Requirement | Single Entity | All Members Combined | Each Member | One Member | Requirement | | | |
| 1. E | 1. Eligibility | | | | | | | | | |
| 1.1 | Nationality | Nationality in accordance with ITA 4.5 | Must meet requirement | Must meet requirement | Must meet requirement | N/A | Forms ELI – 1.1 and 1.2, with attachments | | | |
| 1.2 | Conflict of Interest | No conflicts of interest in accordance with ITA 4.6 | Must meet requirement | Must meet requirement | Must meet requirement | N/A | Application Submission Letter | | | |
| 1.3 | Bank Eligibility | Not having been declared ineligible by the Bank, as described in ITA 4.7 and 5.1 | Must meet requirement | Must meet requirement | Must meet requirement | N/A | Application Submission Letter | | | |
| 1.4 | State-owned Entity of the Borrower Country | Applicant required to meet conditions of ITA 4.8 | Must meet requirement | Must meet requirement | Must meet requirement | N / A | Forms ELI -1.1 and 1.2, with attachments | | | |
| 1.5 | United Nations resolution or Borrower's country law | Not having been excluded as a result of prohibition in the Borrower's country laws or official regulations against commercial relations with the Applicant's country, or by an act of compliance with UN Security Council resolution, both in accordance with ITA 5.1 and 5.2 and Section V. | Must meet requirement | Must meet requirement | Must meet requirement | N/A | Forms ELI – 1.1 and 1.2, with attachments | | | |

| | Eligibility and Qualification Criteria | | | Compliance Requirements | | | |
|-------|--|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------------------|
| | | | | Joint Ventu | ıre (existing or | intended | ~ |
| No. | Subject | Requirement | Single Entity | All Members Combined | Each Member | One Member | Submission Requirement |
| 2. Hi | storical Contract No | on-Performance | | | | | |
| 2.1 | History of Non- Performing Contracts | Non-performance of a contract ¹ did not occur as a result of the contractor's default since 1 st January 2018 | Must meet requirement ¹ | Must meet requirements | Must meet requirement ² | N/A | Form CON-2 |
| 2.2 | Suspension Based on Execution of Bid/Proposal Securing Declaration by the Employer | Not under suspension based on execution of a Bid/Proposal Securing Declaration pursuant to ITA 4.9. | Must meet requirement | Must meet requirement | Must meet requirement | N/A | Application Submission Letter |
| 2.3 | Pending Litigation | Applicant's financial position and prospective long-term profitability are still sound according to criteria established in 3.1 below and assuming that all pending litigation will be resolved against the Applicant | Must meet requirement | N/A | Must meet requirement | N/A | Form CON – 2 |
| 2.4 | Litigation History | No consistent history of court/arbitral award decisions against the Applicant ³ since 1 st January 2018 | Must meet requirement | Must meet requirement | Must meet requirement | N/A | Form CON – 2 |

¹ Nonperformance, as decided by the Employer, shall include all contracts where (a) nonperformance was not challenged by the contractor, including through referral to the dispute resolution mechanism under the respective contract, and (b) contracts that were so challenged but fully settled against the contractor. Nonperformance shall not include contracts where Employers decision was overruled by the dispute resolution mechanism. Nonperformance must be based on all information on fully settled disputes or litigation, i.e.dispute or litigation that has been resolved in accordance with the dispute resolution mechanism under the respective contract and where all appeal instances available to the applicant have been exhausted.

² This requirement also applies to contracts executed by the Applicant as JV member.

³ The Applicant shall provide accurate information on the related Application Form about any litigation or arbitration resulting from contracts completed or ongoing under its execution over the last five years. A consistent history of awards against the Applicant or any member of a joint venture may result in rejection of the Application.

| | Eligibility | v and Qualification Criteria | Compliance Requirements | | | | Document/ Form |
|-----|---|--|--|----------------------------|---|---------------|--|
| | | | | | ire (existing oi | ·intended | |
| No. | Subject | Requirement | Single Entity | All Members Combined | Each Member | One Member | Submission Requirement |
| 2.5 | Declaration: Environmental, and Social (ES) past performance | Declare any E & M work contracts that have been suspended or terminated and/or performance security called by an employer for reasons related to the non-compliance of any environmental, or social (including Sexual Exploitation and Abuse) contractual obligations in the past five years ⁴ . | Must make the declaration. Where there are Specialized Sub- contractor/s, the Specialized Sub- contractor/s must also make the declaration | N/A | Each must make the declaration. Where there are Specialized Sub- contractor/s , the Specialized Sub- contractor/s must also make the declaration. | N/A | Form CON-3 ES Performance Declaration |
| 2.6 | Bank's SEA and/or SH Disqualification | (a) At the time of Contract Award, not subject to disqualification by the Bank for non-compliance with SEA/ SH obligations (b) If the Applicant had been subject to disqualification by the Bank for non-compliance with SEA/ SH obligations, the Applicant shall either (i) provide evidence of an arbitral award on the disqualification made in its favour; or (ii) demonstrate that it has adequate capacity and commitment to comply with SEA/SH prevention and response obligations; or (iii) provide evidence that it has already demonstrated | Must meet the requirement (including each sub- contractor proposed by the Applicant) | N/A | Must meet the requirement (including each sub- contractor proposed by the Applicant) | N/A | Application Submission Letter, Form CON-4 |

⁴The Employer may use this information to seek further information or clarifications during the bidding stage and the associated due diligence.

| Eligibility and Qualification Criteria | | | | Compliance Requirements | | | | |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|---|--|--|
| | | | | Joint Ventu | r intended | | | |
| No. | Subject | Requirement | Single Entity | All Members Combined | Each Member | One Member | Submission Requirement | |
| | | such capacity and commitment for another Bank financed works contract | | | | | | |
| 3. Fi | nancial Situation ar | nd Performance | | | | | | |
| 3.1 | Financial Capabilities | (i) The Applicant shall demonstrate that it has access to, or has available, liquid assets, unencumbered real assets, lines of credit, and other financial means (independent of any contractual advance payment) sufficient to meet the construction cash flow requirements estimated as USD \$ Ten (10) million for the subject contract(s) net of the Applicants other commitments (ii) The Applicant shall also demonstrate, to the satisfaction of the Employer, that it has adequate sources of finance to meet the cash flow requirements on works currently in progress and for future contract commitments. | Must meet requirement Must meet requirement | Must meet requirement Must meet requirement | N/A N/A | N/A N/A | Form FIN – 3.1, with attachments | |
| | | (iii) The audited balance sheets or, if not required by the laws of the Applicant's country, other financial statements acceptable to the Employer, for the last Five (5) years shall be submitted and must demonstrate the current soundness of the Applicant's financial position and indicate its prospective long-term profitability. | Must meet requirement | N/A | Must meet requirement | N/A | | |
| 3.2 | Average Annual Construction Turnover | Minimum average annual construction turnover of USD \$ Forty (40) million calculated as total certified payments received for contracts in progress and/or completed within the last 5 years, divided by five years. | Must meet requirement | Must meet requirement | Must meet 25 %, [twenty five percent] of the requirement | Must meet 40 %, [forty percent] of the requirement | Form FIN – 3.2 | |

| Eligibility and Qualification Criteria | | | | Document/ Form | | | |
|--|--|---|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|
| | | | | | ure (existing o | r intended | Submission |
| No. | Subject | Requirement | Single Entity | All Members Combined | Each Member | One Member | Submission Requirement |
| 4. Ex | perience | | | | | | |
| 4.1 (a) | General Construction Experience | Experience under construction contracts in the role of prime contractor, or JV member, subcontractor, or management contractor for at least the last ten (10) years. starting 1 st January 2013 | Must meet requirement | N/A | Must meet requirement | N/A | Form EXP – 4.1 |
| 4.2 (a) | Specific Construction & Contract Management Experience | A minimum number of similar contracts specified below that have been satisfactorily and substantially ⁵ completed as a prime contractor, or joint venture member ⁶ , management contractor or subcontractor between 1st January 2008 and Application submission deadline: (i) At least Two (02) Hydropower (150 MW each or higher) contracts for Electro mechanical component of minimum value of US\$ 70 Million each ; OR (ii) At least One Hydropower (300 MW or higher) contract of minimum value of US\$ 140 Million for Electro mechanical works The similarity of the contracts shall be based on Section VII, Scope of Works. | Must meet requirement | Must meet requirement ⁷ | N/A | N/A | Form EXP 4.2(a) |

⁵ Substantial completion shall be based on 80% or more works completed under the contract.

⁶ For contracts under which the Applicant participated as a joint venture member or sub-contractor, only the Applicant's share, by value, and role and responsibilities shall be considered to meet this requirement.

⁷ In the case of JV, the value of contracts completed by its members shall not be aggregated to determine whether the requirement of the minimum value of a single contract has been met. Instead, each contract performed by each member shall satisfy the minimum value of a single contract as required for single entity. In determining whether the JV meets the requirement of total number of contracts, only the number of contracts completed by all members each of value equal or more than the minimum value required shall be aggregated.

| | Eligibility | Compliance Requirements | | | | Document/ Form | |
|------------|--|--|---|---|---|---|---------------------------|
| | | | | Joint Venture (existing or intended | | | Salaria |
| No. | Subject | Requirement | Single Entity | All Members Combined | Each Member | One Member | Submission Requirement |
| 4.2 (b) | | For the above and any other contracts [substantially completed and under implementation] as prime contractor, or joint venture member, or sub-contractor between 1st January 2008 and Application submission deadline, a minimum construction experience in the following key activities successfully completed⁸: <u>E & M Works</u> 1. Designed, manufactured, installed and commissioned Vertical Francis Turbines and Generators with all auxiliary equipment "larger than" or "equal to" 86.6 MW (rated output) each unit capacity. 2. Designed, manufactured, installed and commissioned 220 kV (or higher)-3 Phase Gas Insulated Switch Gear (GIS) for minimum 100 MW capacity. 3. Designed, manufactured, installed and commissioned 220kV (or higher) -Transmission line of minimum length of 10 kilometer. | Must meet requirements '2' & '3' may be met through a specialized subcontractor/ Manufacturer in accordance with ITA 25.2 | Must meet requirements '2' & '3' may be met through a specialized subcontractor/ Manufacturer in accordance with ITA 25.2 | N/A | Must meet the following requirements for key activities listed below <i>N/A</i> | Form EXP – 4.2 (b) |
| 4.2 (c) | Specific Experience in managing ES aspects | For the contracts in 4.2 (a) above and/or any other contracts [substantially completed and under implementation] as prime contractor, or joint venture member, or Subcontractor between 1st January 2008 and Application submission deadline, experience in managing ES risks and impacts in the following aspects: | Must meet requirements | Must meet requirement | Must meet the following requirement s: N/A | Must meet the following requirement s: <i>N/A</i> | Form EXP – 4.2 (c) |

⁸ Volume, number or rate of production of any key activity can be demonstrated in one or more contracts combined if executed during same time period.

| | Eligibility and Qualification Criteria | | | Compliance Requirements | | | |
|-----|--|--|---------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------------------|
| | | | | | re (existing or | intended | ~ |
| No. | Subject | Requirement | Single Entity | All Members Combined | Each Member | One Member | Submission Requirement |
| | | (i) Environmental and social management | | | | | |
| | | (ii) managing labor and working conditions, and Sexual Exploitation and Assault (SEA) risks and impacts, | | | | | |
| | | (iii) Protection of the environment, resource efficiency and pollution prevention and management | | | | | |
| | | (iv) Security of the site, community health and safety, | | | | | |
| | | (v) Biodiversity conservation and sustainable management of living natural resources etc. | | | | | |
| | | Refer to Chapter 4 of Section VII of this document for further details. | | | | | |

Section VII - Scope of Works

Contents

| 1. Description of the Works | 12 |
|--|----|
| 2. Construction Period | 16 |
| 3. Site and Other Data | 17 |
| 4. Environmental and Social (ES) Requirement | |

1. Description of the Works

1.1 Background

Several potential hydropower sites have been identified to support the development of the Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Hydropower and Renewable Energy Development Program (KHRE). The Madyan Hydropower Project (Madyan HPP) is one of the potential sites located at the Swat River, 60 km north of the town of Mingora.

The project will be developed by Pakhtunkhwa Energy Development Organization (PEDO) through approved financial assistance from the World Bank (WB).

In 2021, PEDO appointed a Project Implementation Consultant (PIC), a joint venture of SMEC (Australia) and Temelsu (Turkey), to undertake an independent review of the feasibility study and to conduct the project's detailed design (DD) and preparation of tender documents (TD).

1.2 Security Plan for the Project during Construction Phase:

The Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa (GoKP) recognizes the security requirements of the contractors and its obligation and commitment to meet them. GoKP undertakes to structure, implement and monitor a multi-layer security plan, specific to each contract. For this contract, PEDO has engaged Special Security Unit (SSU) to assess the security risks and, based on the assessment, will prepare a detailed Security Plan which will be included into the Bidding Document.

The Security Plan will consist of detailed arrangement for safeguarding the construction process including needed manpower, equipment and logistics required for the security measures, along with standard operating procedures (SOPs) for various protection/ security measures to be adopted at site and camps to ensure the safety of personnel including foreigners, material & equipment and installations.

It is expected that the security plan will cover the following major aspects of the project:

- Threat analysis and risk assessment to be conducted by professional security expert
- Provision of security to personnel & equipment, working at different sites, offices and Camps
- Security to all installations
- Security of routes leading to work
- Provide inner and outer cordon security
- Route protection including security during movement / travelling within project area /camps and Provision of Security for moving materials, equipment and personnel in/out of the project area etc.

Additionally, PEDO will work with the security team of the Contractor to customize the Security Plan based on the work program and methods of construction of the contractor when the contract is awarded. For this purpose, a provisional sum will be included in the bidding document in case additional costs will be involved from the contractor for the final Security Plan.

The Security Plan is in addition to the responsibilities of the Contractor for the security of the Site as specified in the Contract.

1.3 The Scope of work

PEDO will execute the Madyan Hydropower Project in two main work packages:

- Package 1: Civil Works
- Package 2 (This Package): Electrical and Mechanical Works (E&M) for Equipment Design, Supply, Installation, Commissioning and Testing.

The Madyan Hydropower Project is being undertaken through international Competitive Bidding Contract. The Prequalification of Applicants is for Madyan HPP - E & M Works including Design, Supply, Installation, Testing and Commissioning of Turbines, Generators, Control Room Equipment, SCADA, Auxiliaries, Power Transformers, Switch Yard, Switch Gear (GIS), Transmission Line, Control Equipment at Weir and Allied E&M Works etc.

Summary of the Scope of work for Electro-Mechanical and Hydraulic Steel Structure is as under:

In this project, the applicable **turbines** are selected according to the prevailing head and discharge conditions. Additional decisions to be taken for the layout are the number of units as well as the size and runner speed. For highly variable flows, a combination of two large and one small number of units may permit this. However, costs of civil works and equipment increases with increasing number of units. Therefore, a compromise is necessary between flexibility in the mode of operation and the investment costs which were found in selecting One (01) small unit of 33.8/36.85 MW (rated/maximum output) and two (02) large units of 86.6/93.28 MW (rated/maximum output) size of Francis Type turbine.

The applied connection scheme between the **generators** and their respective step-up transformers will be of conventional arrangement, with generator phase cubicles (generator circuit-breaker cubicle, current and voltage transformer cubicle, excitation transformer cubicle, 17.5kV System Supply Cubicle and generator step-up transformer outgoing cubicle).

The generator **step-up transformers** will be three-phase type and located in the Transformer Hall. The transformer terminals will be suitable for connection of non-segregated bus ducts on the 13.8 kV side. The 220 kV terminals will be equipped with suitable bushings for the connection of 220 kV Gas Insulated Busducts (GIBs) to the 220 kV GIS switchgear which is located in the GIS Hall that is upstairs of the Transformer Hall.

The **220 kV GIS switchgear** will comprise a double bus bar single breaker scheme, ensuring reliability and flexibility during normal and exceptional operating conditions. Two set of 220 kV XLPE power cable connections will lead out to a 220 kV terminal gantry/pothead with the surge arresters and line traps through a cable tunnel up to the 220 kV overhead line side. The 220 kV gantry will be located close to the cable tunnel

outlet structure.

Power House **normal supply** condition of auxiliary system will be through one of the two station auxiliary transformers feeding the 415 V station service board. Alternatively, station auxiliaries can be fed from the synchronous emergency diesel generator set in case of complete power failure (also used in case of black-start). The UPS systems will comprise the redundant 220 VDC, 48 VDC, 415 V AC-systems. Normal supply condition for weir, Desander & colony will be fed from mini hydro generator for ecological release. An option of Power House Auxiliary supply of 11 kV is provided as a second reliable source.

Hydraulic steel structure works will be comprised of Draft Tube gates (approx. 5.5 mx 4.0 m) for big units, for small unit (approx. 1.3m x2.75m), Radial Gates (13.0 mx 10.5 m) for spillway, 15 ton capacity Gantry cranes and stoplogs for spillway, Five (05) trash racks (8.0m x 4.1m) and one cleaning machine for power intake, One (01) set of maintenance stoplog and Gantry crane for power intake, Four (04) fixed wheel service gates (3.5m x 4.0m) for power intake, Four (04) slide gates and two (02) stoplogs (3.2m x 4m) upstream of the desander cavern, Four (04) slide gates and two (02) stoplogs (3.2m x 4m) downstream of the desander cavern, De-sanding device with auxiliaries, Four (04) flushing gates 1x1m,Steel lining for HRT, Pressure shaft and Pressure tunnel approx. weight 1500 Tons, One Bulk head gate. (6.0m x 8.0m approx.) at Tailrace Outlet Structure.

| Characteristics | Unit | Small Unit Values | Big Unit Values |
|------------------------------------|-------|----------------------|-----------------|
| Turbine | | | |
| Net Head Rated | m | 145.6 | 145.6 |
| Number of Units | No. | 1 | 2 |
| Turbine Design discharge | m³/s | 25 | 64 |
| Turbine Efficiency | % | 95 | 95 |
| Rated Output (Turbine) | MW | 1 x 33.8 | 2 x 86.6 |
| Total Rated Output (Turbine) | MW | | 207 |
| Generator | | | |
| Generator Rated terminal voltage | [kV] | | 13.8 |
| Generator maximum output | [MVA] | 45.4 | 114.9 |
| Generator rated power factor - lag | [] | 0.8 laggir | ng 0.9 leading |

Parameters of Major Electro-Mechanical equipment

| Characteristics | Unit | Small Unit Values | Big Unit Values |
|--|--|----------------------|-----------------|
| Generator Rated efficiency | [%] | | 98.5 |
| Rated speed | [rpm] | 428.57 | 333.33 |
| Transformer (Three Phase two | winding co | re type) | |
| Rated Power | MVA | 46 | 116 |
| Type of Cooling | [] | C | DFWF |
| Tap Changer | [] | On load | on EHV side |
| 3-Phase Gas Insulated Switchg | 3-Phase Gas Insulated Switchgear (GIS) | | |
| Nominal system voltage (Vn) | kV | | 220 |
| System highest voltage (Um) | kVrms | | 245 |
| Rated normal current/Short Circuit Ratings | Amps | 2000A/63 | kA/ 1 seconds |
| 220kV GIS OHTL Bay connected to the outgoing 220KV transmission lines | No. | | 2 |
| 220 kV GIS Step-up Transformer Bay connected to the generator step-up transformers with gas insulated busducts (GIBs). | No. | | 3 |
| 220kV GIS Bus Coupler Bay | No. | | 1 |
| Measuring Bay | No. | 1 | |
| Outdoor 220 kV Pothead yard and Transmission Line | | | |
| surge arrestors and associated surge counters connected to the 220KV outgoing lines. | No. | | 06 |
| wave traps on outgoing Transmission Lines | No. | | 06 |
| single phase capacitive voltage transformer in 220 KV outdoor pothead yard. | No. | | 06 |

2. Construction Period

All works shall be completed within four (4) years followed by one & a half year Defects Liability Period.

| Construction Period | Four (4) Years |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|
| Defect Liability Period | One & half (1.5) Year |
| Total Implementation Time | Five (5.5) Years |

At the bidding stage, the contractor will be expected to produce detailed programmes in Primavera or MS Project format presenting construction schedule and interface between different construction components. Construction scheduling and coordination between construction packages will be managed by the Project Manager and site supervision team.

3. Site and Other Data

3.1 Location & Accessibility

The project area is located in the Swat District, north of Madyan Town. Madyan Town is located at a distance of approximately 200 km from Peshawar, the capital of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa and 60 km from Mingora, the district headquarters of Swat Valley.

The project area is accessible from Peshawar and Islamabad via Motorway (M1) and National Highway (N-95). Swat Motorway is also under-construction which will significantly reduce the travel time from Peshawar to Chakdara whereas further same route of N-95 will be followed. At the moment Swat Motorway is operational only for light traffic vehicle.

The proposed weir site of the Madyan HPP is located on the Swat River approximately 14 km north of Madyan Town and the powerhouse approximately 1.2 km upstream of Madyan Town.

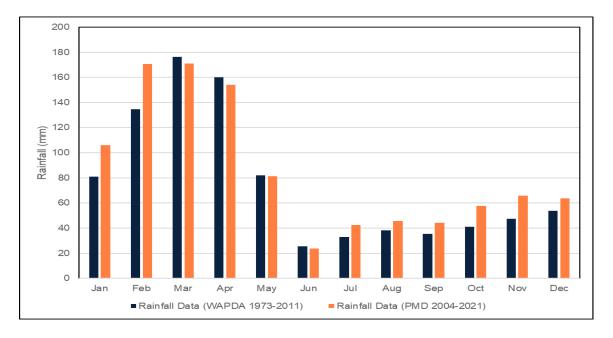
Location Coordinates are;

- Latitude: 35° 09' 25" N
- Longitude: 72° 32' 02" E

3.2 Climate

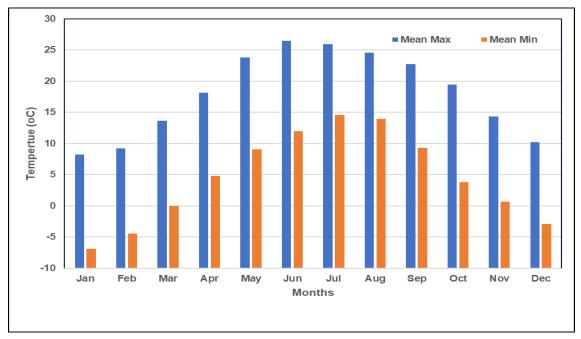
The weather of the area can be characterized as very cold winter and pleasant summer.

The precipitation regime in the Swat Valley is dominated by the occurrence of eastward moving extra tropical zones of low pressure, also known locally as Western Disturbances. The Western Disturbances bring humidity to the region of the Swat River from the Atlantic Ocean and the Mediterranean Sea. The Western Disturbances are more frequently and intense, during the Winter Season and they provoke the largest amount of precipitation over the Swat catchment. During the summer season the frequency and intensity of the Western Disturbances normally decrease, and the precipitation on the region also decreases. The monthly precipitation is given in Figure below.



Monthly Precipitation at Kalam Station (1973-2021)

The temperature regime follows the temperature pattern in the northern hemisphere. Figure below shows the variation of the mean temperature during the year. When the temperature is at its maximum in July, flows are mostly snowmelt generated. It can be expected that largest flows occur during this month. High temperatures in addition to high precipitation during the previous winter result in high base flows. Available record indicated that the monthly temperature ranges between -8.4 °C i.e. extreme cold in winter to 26 °C i.e. pleasant in summer.



Temperature Regime at Kalam Hydrometeorological Station

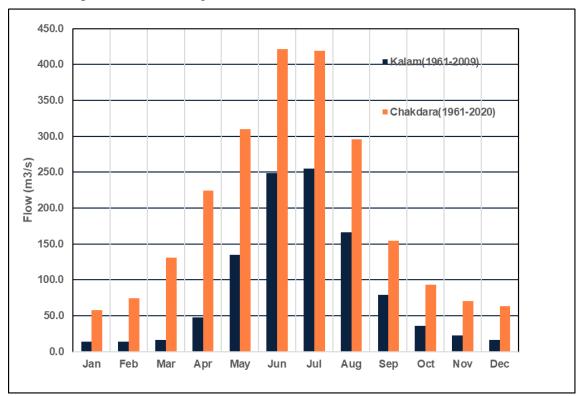
3.3 Hydrological Conditions

Swat River originates in the form of Ushu and Gabral streams in the northern mountains of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa and takes the name of Swat River at Kalam at the confluence of these two rivers.

The catchment of the Swat River in the upper region can be classified as a "high mountain catchment" in which there are several glaciers. Glaciers are visible above altitude of 4,000 m asl. The highest mountain peak of the river reaches above 5500 m asl.

Long term daily flow data is available at Swat River at Kalam (upstream of weir site with catchment area of 2,020 Km²). The length of the data is 1961 to 2006. Historic record of Swat River at Chakdara located at downstream of project area is available for period of 1961-2020 (catchment area 5,776 Km²). The catchment area at weir is about 2472 Km² and 2,961 Km² at powerhouse.

Estimated monthly inflow using the available records from Kalam and Chadara staions at weir site is presented in the Figure below.



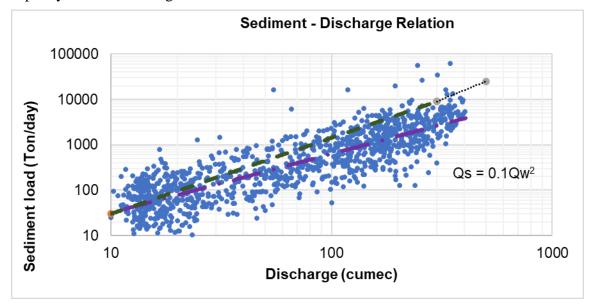
Estimated Flow at Weir Site

The estimated design flood for various return periods is given in the Table below:

| Return Period (Year) | Computed Flow (m3/s) at Weir | Computed Flow (m3/s) at PH |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 10,000 | 7,387 | 8,460 |
| 1,000 | 4,972 | 5,695 |
| 100 | 2,734 | 3,131 |
| 20 | 1,396 | 1,599 |
| 5 | 592 | 678 |

Estimated Design Flood for different Return Periods

For estimation of suspended sediments, series of data on sediment concentrations are available from the sites at Kalam, Kedam and Ramet. The relation between river flow and sediment transport for the gauging stations at Kalam and Kedam is shown in Figure below. The solid curve in Figure below represents the mean rate of suspended sediment transport, while the dashed line represents a high estimate relevant for the required capacity of the desanding facilities.



Sediment Rating Curve

Estimated sediment concentration at the weir site is 96 ppm with total suspended sediment of about 925,000 ton. The sedimentation rate will be 373 tons/Km^2 at the upstream catchment of the weir site.

3.4 Geotechnical and Geological Assessment

Regional Geological Setting

The entire project area including the weirs, intake, desander cavern, headrace tunnel and powerhouse complex lies in a section of the Swat River between Kedam and Madyan on and under the eastern slopes of the Swat River. The geology of the study area in Kohistan in northern Pakistan is dominated by continental collision tectonics, where three of the world's most important and active mountain ranges converge: the Himalayas, the Karakorum and the Hindu Kush. As the Indian Plate moves northward, a complex pattern of thrusting and wrench faults has evolved. The neo-tectonic regime is associated with frequent seismic activity.

Quaternary Geology

The Swat River valley was shaped by glaciers during the Pleistocene ice age and by rivers during the Holocene interglacial. The project area is dominated by a V-shaped valley, which indicates that the valley was more recently shaped by river erosion. The Quaternary sediments that cover a significant portion of the valley slopes and river bed are made up of glacial deposits (moraines) and colluvial deposits including boulders, slope wash, and landslide debris. Alluvial deposits are also present in the riverbed and on its banks.

Bedrock

The main rock type found in the project area is Gabbronorite. Gabbronorite (description following the European Standard EN ISO 14689-1:2003) is light greyish grey, medium to coarse-grained, strong to very strong, slightly weathered, spacing of discontinuities medium to wide. Dimensions of rock blocks are medium with very few instances of large blocks. Block shapes are polyhedral and equidimensional. Joints are generally planar rough with few cases of undulating rough, large-scale roughness is straight, occasionally curved.

Joint aperture varies from wide to party open with of clay, silty clay, chlorite, feldspar infilling. The gabbronorite is of Cretaceous age. The slopes are stable at 45 - 65 degrees of inclination angles. The visual observations indicate that the bedrock class at the weir sites is generally good to very good and fair to good at the powerhouse site.

Weir

Weir is having coordinates E: 028 11 87.0; and N: 390 40 69.0. Bedrock gabbronorite is exposed at the right bank below the existing road, which is light grey, hard, medium to coarse-grained, fresh to slightly weathered and jointed. The rock is competent. It is within the range of good to very good rock mass classes.

On the left bank, terraces of alluvial deposits extend immediately adjacent to the riverbank. Massive bedrock is exposed at high elevation at this location. The bedrock is gabbronorite, light to dark grey, hard, medium to coarse, fresh to slightly weathered

Desander Cavern Site

The desander chambers are located on the left bank of the river at about 800 m downstream the weir site. The desander cavern is situated within strong gabbronorite of good rock class.

Headrace Tunnel Site

Along the headrace tunnel alignment, the bedrock is expected to be generally of fair to good quality. However, at places where sheared/fractured zones are anticipated, the rock quality would be poor.

Powerhouse / Surge Tank Sites

At the powerhouse site, the slopes in the western and southern directions are largely covered with terraces to maximise the cultivable area. The retaining walls of the terraces are 1.2 to 2.0 m high and made of crushed rock and boulders. Sandy silt and organic material is filled behind for farming purposes.

Gobbronorite is exposed along the riverbed at the left bank in the shape of a small strip and accessible from a walking track. At the powerhouse site, the rock is light grey to dark grey, hard to very hard, medium to coarse grained, slightly to moderately weathered, and jointed. The joints are open filled with material presumed to be feldspar and joint planes are generally rough. At the surge tank location, some 200 m above the riverbed, bedrock was found to be light grey with brown shades due to the presence of iron oxide. The rock is medium-hard to hard, moderately to distinctly weathered, closely to moderately fragmented and closely jointed.

3.5 Project Salient Features

Following are the project major salient features.

| Project Salient Features | | | |
|--------------------------|---------------|--|--|
| S/No | DESCRIPTION | VALUE | |
| 1 | LOCATION | | |
| | Country | Islamic Republic of Pakistan | |
| | Province | Khyber Pakhtunkhwa | |
| | District | Swat | |
| | Project Site | The proposed weir site of the Madyan HPP is located on the Swat River some 14 km north of Madyan town | |
| 2 | ORGANIZATIONS | | |
| | Client | Pakhtunkhwa Energy Development Organization (PEDO) Power and Energy Department, Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa | |

| Description | Unit | Updated Feasibility Study 2023 |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Catchment Area | km² | 2,471 |
| Mean Annual Flow | m³/s | 107 |
| Design Discharge | m³/s | 153 |
| Normal Reservoir Operation | m asl | 1,507.4 |
| Level | | |
| Max. Operation Level | m asl | 1,507.9 |
| Crest Level of Weir | m asl | 1514.1 |
| Max. Weir Height | m above river bed | 16.2 |
| Length of Weir Crest | m | 107 |
| Number of Gates | Nos | 6 |
| Width of Gate | m | 13 |
| Height of Gate | m | 10.5 |
| Design Discharge | m³/s | 153 |
| Design Particle Diameter | mm | 0.2 |
| Number of settling chambers | Nos | 02 chamber (04 Basin) |
| Effective length of chamber | m w/o transition | 204 |
| Width of chamber | m | 26.47 |
| Average depth of chamber | m | 22.74 |
| Length | km | 11.17 |
| Net Diameter | m | 8 |
| Max. Flow velocity | m/s | 3.0 |
| Diameter: | m | 20.50 |
| Height: | m | 65.87 |
| Total length (shaft & tunnel) | m | 340 |
| Length of vertical shaft | m | 110 |
| Diameter | concrete lined | 5.75 |
| Flow velocity | m/s | 6 |
| Diameter | steel lined | 5.7 |
| Flow velocity | m/s | 6 |
| Steel lining | mm | 25 |
| No. of units | Vertical Francis | 3 |
| Capacity each unit | MW | 74.85 |
| Installed Capacity | MW | 207MW (2 x 86.6) & (1 x 33.8) |
| Cavern Width | m | 18 |
| Cavern Length | m | 95.5 |
| Turbine Setting | m asl | 1,343 |
| No of Transformers | Nos | 03 |
| Type of GIS Switchyard | | SF6 |
| Voltage | KV | 220 |

4. Environmental and Social (ES) Requirement

This section provides a summary of key ES risks and impacts associated with the development of the Madyan Kalam Hydropower Project. It also sets out the expectations on contractors to manage the risks and impacts. The text is structured according to the 2018 World Bank Group Environmental and social framework¹ which contractors will be expected to conform with.

4.1 Environmental and Social Management

Key project ES risks and impacts

The key risks associated with this topic is ineffective management of the project's E&S risks. Specific risks are set out in the subsequent topics.

Key expectations from contractors

Demonstrate experience:

- Working to international lenders E&S requirements including requirements of the Environmental Health and Safety Guidelines (EHSGs)
- Implementing corporate level ESMS which will be applied at the project level, ideally certified to ISO14001

• Implementing Construction Environmental and Social Management Plan (CESMP). Please share examples.

- Monitoring and reporting on environmental and social risks and impacts.
- Implementing an E&S policy and employment of staff with suitable E&S capacity. Please outline the ESHS management team structure that you would expect to implement and to include example CVs of key ESHS staff you would deploy.

• Declaration of ESHS past performance: Record of past ESHS performance for similar projects.

• Qualification Criteria/ESHS experience: Details of relevant experience in managing ESHS aspects for similar projects.

4.2 Managing labour and working conditions, and Sexual Exploitation and Assault (SEA) risks and impacts,

Key project ES risks and impacts

Site preparation, construction activities and the use of temporary workers' accommodation pose potential risks to the health, safety, security and therefore wellbeing of construction workers. Potential issues with the use of temporary accommodation include sanitation, disease, fire, cultural alienation, sleeping space, quality and quantity of food, personal safety and security, temperature control and

¹https://www.worldbank.org/en/projects-operations/environmental-and-social-framework

recreation, amongst others.

Occupational Health and Safety (OHS) risks likely to arise during construction include exposure to physical hazards, trip and fall hazards, exposure to dust, noise and vibrations, falling objects, exposure to hazardous materials, exposure to electrical hazards, exposure to extreme heat, working around large water bodies, working at height, electro-magnetic fields, live power equipment and lines.

Key expectations from contractors

Demonstrate:

- HR policies
- Codes of conduct
- Grievance mechanisms and controls,
- Means to address harassment and other forms of Gender Based Violence (GBV) and Sexual Exploitation and Abuse (SEA),
- Means to address child and forced labour
- Existing occupational health and safety procedures and controls.
- OHS statistics from previous projects
- Experience engaging with community workers
- Evidence of developing and operating worker's accommodation in line with international standards
- Experience managing ES aspects through multiple sub-contractors and complex supply chains
- OHSAS 18001 certification (preferred but not essential)

4.3 Protection of the environment, resource efficiency and pollution prevention and management

Key project ES risks and impacts

i. Water

Surface water quality

Surface water quality could be affected by a number of construction works taking place within or in close proximity to water bodies. Deterioration in water quality could arise as a result of increased sedimentation (for example from run off from exposed ground), sanitary effluents from worker camps and work sites as well as vehicle and plant washings and any spillages of oil or chemicals. The deposition of inert and hazardous substances into surface waters would have the potential to harm fish and aquatic life as well as any downstream uses including irrigation. Mitigation measures to avoid or minimise the risks of surface water pollution are well known to the construction industry and include for example:

- Careful selection of work sites and access roads so that the risk of surface runoff entering the river is minimised. Use of measures such as rip rap and slope protection where appropriate.
- Pre-treatment of sewage prior to discharge and / or use of a sewage collection system to meet national and international standards for discharge water quality
- Installation and use of oil and water separators and settling ponds to minimise the risk of contaminated construction water entering the river or groundwater
- Stabilising and re-vegetating of disturbed areas upon completion of construction
- Development and implementation of an Oil and Chemical Spill Response Plan, to include measures to be taken in the event of accidental spillages and leaks as well as outlining proper handling and storage requirements
- Development and implementation of a sediment and erosion control plan
- Surface water and groundwater quality will need to be monitored regularly during construction.

Groundwater quality

Although project execution will not affect the existing drinking water infrastructure however, ground water quality of small villages falling in the project reach need to be monitored.

ii. Air

There are few sources of air pollution in the Project area and air quality in general is considered to be good. It is expected that emissions of gaseous pollutants from traffic and plant associated with construction will result in a notable deterioration in local air quality. Dust could be problematic for local receptors if not properly managed. Dust will also affect the contractor's camp located within 500 meter of construction site. Sources of dust could include earthmoving, excavation and spoil disposal activities as well as aggregate crushing and cement batching.

iii. Noise

There are no significant sources of man-made noise in the vicinity of the Project other than traffic which is irregular and relatively light. Activities that will result in elevated noise levels during construction include blasting, excavation, drilling, rock crushing, concrete batching and traffic. However, the level of impact depends on a number of factors including the level of generated noise, the length of the activity and the distance from local properties. During the night time, significant impacts were found to be possible should earthmoving works be carried out in close proximity to the potential worker accommodation camps.

iv. Waste

The National Conservation Strategy (NCS, 1992) outlines Pakistan's intention to drive improvements in waste management and the Pakistan National Environmental Policy (NEP, 2005) provides an overarching framework but despite this, progress towards an effective national waste management programme has been limited. Very few landfills are in operation in Pakistan and no landfills are present in Kalam where the project is located.

The likely waste types generated during construction and operation include solid, liquid, hazardous, non-hazardous and inert wastes. The selection of appropriate disposal sites or methods has been identified in the ESIA and it will also be possible to sell/recycle much of the waste generated. Volumes of waste generated during operation are expected to be significantly less than that generated during the construction phase.

Key expectations from contractors

Demonstrate experience:

- Reducing energy, water and raw material consumption on projects
- Controlling release of pollutants to air, water and land due to routine, non-routine, and accidental circumstances
- Managing hazardous waste, including storage, transportation and disposal
- Controlling erosion and sedimentation on project sites
- Managing large infrastructure development in a river, maintaining water quality and hydrological regime.
- Rehabilitating project sites with native vegetation

4.4 Environmental and Social Impacts/Risks and Mitigation Measures:

Environmental and social impacts and risks are evaluated based on World Bank's OP4.01/BP4.01. The following impacts are anticipated, causing moderate and few substantial risks during the construction stage of the Project. The risks and some of their mitigation measures are listed below:

- As Madyan HPP has a run-of-river design with a long headrace tunnel, a lot of material will be excavated. Disposal of such a huge amount of excavated material is a big challenge of the Project. Disposal of this material has impacts on many issues such as air quality, noise aspects, traffic, landscape, flora and fauna, tourist activities etc. To mitigate this impact, some of the material will be reused as concrete aggregates, for gabions and slope protection. Before commencing the construction activities, the contractor will be required to prepare a Spoil Management Plan and submit it to the PMO for their review and approval.
- Overall, more than 1.05 million m³ of excavated material will have to be transported, and this is equivalent to about 170,000 truckloads. Main focus was given to reduce the transport of excavation material along the Madyan-Kalam Road (N-95) as far as possible, which would also positively affect aspects as noise and air quality, especially in town/villages like Bahrein and Madyan. As a mitigation measure, disposal sites are selected close to the adits on the left river bank helping to reduce transportation routes. Transport of excavated material through the City of Bahrein

will be avoided.

- Air quality of the Project area will be impacted by dust from drilling and blasting activities, especially in open excavation for road and tunnel portal constructions, and gaseous emissions from construction-related traffic and equipment. As a mitigation measure, water shall be sprayed continuously to reduce dust emissions of construction activities. Possibility of excessive dust generation may be reduced by adopting the best construction practices, and precautions.
- The sources of noise during construction will be excavators, generators, concrete batching plant, and other construction machinery and vehicles. Blasting for tunnel will be major source of vibration. Increased noise and vibration levels during construction activities can be a source of nuisance for locals and a source of disturbance to wildlife. To mitigate it, the contractor will monitor the noise levels regularly at the nearby villages and other sensitive receptors to ensure that these do not exceed NEQS and WHO standards. The Community Liaison Officer shall notify affected people and communities prior to undertaking especially noisy work activities
- Construction activities may create problems for resident wildlife species especially those which cannot move or migrate from one place to other to avoid the disturbances. Construction work destroys natural habitats but also creates ruderal habitats. In such ruderal habitats, a succession process starts and the species love to occupy newly developed habitats where they do not face any kind of competition with any other species.
- Around 400 workers in peak periods will generate significant amounts of liquid and solid wastes. The liquid sanitation waste water will be treated at workers' camp site; proper disposal of solid waste will be the responsibility of the Contractor.
- Around 400 workers (skilled and unskilled) will find employment during the construction period in peak times. In addition, related services (hotels, shops selling articles for the daily life etc.) will benefit from the Project. Because of the very conservative social structures of population committed to principles of Islamic Shariah, HIV/AIDS does not play any role and the adverse effects on the local community will be very limited.
- The inadequate implementation of E&S instruments expected due to poor management or lack of capacity to follow the Bank's guidelines. Mitigation measures include suggestions to prepare Construction Environmental and Social Management Plan (C-ESMP), Occupational and Community Health and Safety (OCHS) Plan, and Community Health and Safety (CHS) Plan based on the Environmental and Social Management Plan (ESMP), and to recruit qualified staffs to implement the C-ESMP and OCHS Plans.